Claims

## 1. A sodium channel blocker represented by the general structure:

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$$R_{4}$$
 $R_{3}$ 
 $R_{2}$ 
 $R_{5}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 

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wherein R is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>COOH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>aryl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>substituted aryl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>NCH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>substituted aryl and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>substituted heterocyclic, wherein m is an integer ranging from 3-8, n is an integer ranging from 0-4 and p is an integer ranging from 1-4;

 $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>COOH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CONHR<sub>10</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy,
-CH<sub>2</sub>OH and -CONH<sub>2</sub>, or R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> taken together with the atoms to which they are attached form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring;

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkynyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl,

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$$R_7R_8N$$
 and  $R_7R_8N$ 

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wherein  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl and  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkynyl, and  $R_9$  is H, or  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  taken together with the atoms to which they are attached form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring, and  $R_{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of H, benzyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, with the proviso that when  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  taken together form a heterocyclic ring, R is not - $(CH_2)_n$ aryl.

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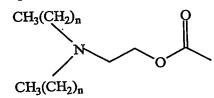
- 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>; and  $R_3$  is hydroxyl.
- 5 3. The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> taken together with the atoms to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring having the structure:

$$Q$$
 $R_{11}$ 
 $Q$ 
 $R$ 
 $R$ 
 $R$ 

R ,

- wherein X is selected from the group consisting of -CHR<sub>12</sub>-, -O- and -NR<sub>12</sub>-, wherein R<sub>11</sub> and  $R_{12}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, benzyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl.
- 15 4. The compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein R is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl.
  - 5. The compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl; and
    - R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H,

- wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-2.
  - 6. The compound of claim 5 wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are both H, and R<sub>5</sub> is Cl or F.
  - 7. The compound of claim 5 wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are both H, and  $R_6$  is



wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-2.

8. The compound of claim 5 wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are both C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and R<sub>6</sub> is

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-2.

9. The compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein R is

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$$CH_3$$
  $OCH_3$   $OC$ 

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy; and

R<sub>6</sub> is H.

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10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound represented by the general formula:

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$$R_4$$
  $OH$   $R$   $R_6$   $R_6$   $R_6$   $R_6$   $R_6$   $R_6$ 

wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl,

$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4;

R<sub>2</sub> is H or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkynyl, -COR<sub>11</sub> and ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ ) alkoxy; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halo,

wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, NH<sub>2</sub> and OH; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 11. The composition of claim 10 further comprising an anti-tumor agent.
- 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the anti-tumor agent is a chemotherapeutic.
- 25 13. The composition of claim 10, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl;

 $\ensuremath{R_4}$  and  $\ensuremath{R_5}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $\ensuremath{C_{1}\text{-}C_{4}}$  alkyl; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H,

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wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4.

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14. A method of specifically inhibiting voltage-gated sodium channels, said

method comprising the step of contacting said sodium channel with a compound represented by the general structure:

wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl,

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkynyl, -COR<sub>11</sub> and ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ ) alkoxy; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halo,

wherein  $R_{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $NH_2$  and OH, and n is an integer ranging from 0-4.

The method of claim 14 wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-1}$   $C_{12}$  alkyl;

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H,

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4.

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16. A method for treating a neoplastic disease, said method comprising the step of administering to a patient in need thereof a composition comprising a compound represented by the general structure:

$$R_4$$
 OH  $NH_2$   $R$   $R_5$   $R_4$   $R$   $R$ 

wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$  alkynyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl,

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4;

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R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl, -COR<sub>11</sub> and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkoxy; and

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, halo,

wherein R<sub>11</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, NH<sub>2</sub> and OH.

20 The method of claim 16 wherein R is selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-}$   $C_{12}$  alkyl;

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl; and

 $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of H,

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4.

18. The method of claim 17 wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H and halo; and  $R_6$  is H.

## 19. A sodium channel blocker represented by the general structure

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$$R_4$$
 OH  $NH_2$  or  $R_5$   $R_6$   $R_{15}$   $R_{15}$ 

wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl;

R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H,

wherein n is an integer ranging from 0-4 and

 $R_{14}$  and  $R_{15}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H and halo, or  $R_{14}$  and  $R_{15}$  taken together with the atoms to which they are attached form an optionally substituted  $C_5$ - $C_6$  aryl.

20. The compound of claim 19 wherein  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are independently H or halo; and

 $R_{14}$  and  $R_{15}$  are each H or taken together with the atoms to which they are attached form a phenyl ring.

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